

Essai Clinique Généré le 06 mai 2024 à partir de

Titre	An open-label, multicenter, non-randomized phase 2 study of elranatamab monotherapy in participants with multiple myeloma who are refractory to at least one proteasome inhibitor, one immunomodulatory drug and one anti-CD38 antibody
Protocole ID	MagnetisMM-3
ClinicalTrials.gov ID	<u>NCT04649359</u>
Type(s) de cancer	Myélome
Phase	Phase II
Type étude	Clinique
Médicament	Elranatamab
Institution	CIUSSS DU CENTRE-OUEST-DE-L'ILE-DE-MONTREAL HOPITAL GENERAL JUIF SIR MORTIMER B.DAVIS 3755 rue de la Côte Ste. Catherine, Montréal, QC, H3T 1E2
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Investigateur principal	Dr Rayan Kaedbey
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Statut	Actif en recrutement
But étude	The purpose of the study is to evaluate whether single-agent Elranatamab (PF-06863135) can provide clinical benefit in participants with relapsed/refractory multiple myeloma. Elranatamab is a bispecific antibody: binding of Elranatamab to CD3-expressing T-cells and BCMA-expressing multiple myeloma cells causes targeted T-cell-mediated cytotoxicity.
Critères d'éligibilité	 Diagnosis of multiple myeloma (IMWG criteria, Rajkumar et al, 2014) Measurable disease, as defined by at least 1 of the following: Serum M-protein >0.5 g/dL by SPEP Urinary M-protein excretion >200 mg/24 hours by UPEP Serum immunoglobulin FLC≥10 mg/dL (≥100 mg/L) AND abnormal serum immunoglobulin kappa to lambda FLC ratio Refractory to at least one IMiD Refractory to at least one PI Refractory to at least one anti-CD38 antibody Relapsed/refractory to last anti-myeloma regimen Cohort A: has not received prior BCMA-directed therapy Cohort B: has received prior BCMA-directed therapy (ADC or CAR T cells) ECOG performance status ≤2 Resolved acute effects of any prior therapy to baseline severity or CTCAE Grade ≤1 Not pregnant and willing to use contraception
Critères d'exclusion	 Smoldering multiple myeloma Active Plasma cell leukemia Amyloidosis POEMS syndrome Stem cell transplant within 12 weeks prior to enrollment Active HBV, HCV, SARS-CoV2, HIV, or any active, uncontrolled bacterial, fungal, or viral infection Any other active malignancy within 3 years prior to enrollment, except for adequately treated basal cell or squamous cell skin cancer, or carcinoma in situ.

• Previous administration with an investigational drug within 30 days or 5 half-lives preceding the first dose of study intervention used in this study (whichever is longer)