

Warning

This fact sheet aims to let you know the side effects most commonly seen following the administration of your treatment. Please note that when you take any medication, there is a possibility that it causes rare side effects and it is difficult to predict which patients will be affected.

General Information for Patients

Protocol : Carboplatin / Gemcitabine

Date: September 2005

Revision: November 2015

MEDICATION	ADMINISTRATION
Carboplatin	Intravenous infusion over 30 to 60 minutes, according to the dosage, on day 1.
Gemcitabine	Intravenous infusion over 30 minutes, on day 1 and day 8.
<i>Treatment repeated every 3 weeks</i>	

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General Information associated with your treatment

- ❑ This treatment is used to prevent the multiplication of abnormal cells and destroy them.
- ❑ A **blood test** will be done prior to every treatment cycle. Depending on its results and side effects of the previous treatment, the dose of medication might be adjusted or treatment might be delayed.
- ❑ You may experience **fatigue** during your treatments. This is usually only temporary and may be related to different reasons (medication, stress, the disease). Maintain a good level of activity but rest when you feel the need to.
- ❑ For **male patients**, the sperm count may be affected. In fact, the production of spermatozooids may be reduced or completely absent during treatments. This reduction of **fertility** does not prevent erection or sexual activity. In certain patients, this reduction of fertility may be permanent, may ameliorate or return to normal after the treatments have stopped.
- ❑ In **pre-menopausal female patients**, chemotherapy may cause irregularities or cessation of the menstrual cycle during treatments. The menstrual cycle, after stopping chemotherapy, may restart or return to normal. It may also stop permanently. However, a pregnancy may be possible and a method of **contraception** is strongly recommended during treatments. Chemotherapy administered during pregnancy may harm the embryo. Breast-feeding is contra-indicated during chemotherapy.
- ❑ You can have an **active sexual** life during your treatments. However, a decrease in your sexual drive may occur during this period. This may also be influenced by different factors (fatigue, stress etc.).
- ❑ Your **appetite may diminish**. Eat more often, in smaller quantities.
- ❑ Your **sense of taste may be altered**. Enhance foods with herbs or lemon juice. Eating fruits, chewing non-sugared gums, etc may mask the metallic taste.
- ❑ **Alcohol** (in small quantities) is permitted and will not affect the efficacy of the treatments.
- ❑ Consult your doctor or pharmacist before you take other medications (even over the counter medications available without a prescription) or natural products. These may provoke an interaction with your treatment and diminish its efficacy or increase side effects.
- ❑ Follow the instructions given by your cancer center about the right way to handle and dispose of body fluids (for example urine, stools) in order to protect the environment and your relatives.
- ❑ Be sure to always have at hand the complete list of your medications, dietary supplements, vitamins and other natural health products. Give it to you doctor and your pharmacist. It is important to make them aware of any change.

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SIDE EFFECTS	MANAGEMENT
<p>Significant nausea and vomiting may occur mainly on the same day and may persist for a few days after your treatment with carboplatin.</p> <p>Nausea, usually light, may occur mainly on the same day and the day following your treatment with gemcitabine alone.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Before your treatment with carboplatin, you will be prescribed medication to prevent nausea. At home, you will take medication on a regular basis and as needed for at least 2 days following your treatment. • Communicate with your doctor or pharmacist if the nausea or vomiting is not relieved by your medication.
<p>Depending on the individual, thinning of the hair may occur. In general, this happens 2 to 3 weeks after the start of the treatment. However, don't worry; your hair will grow back after treatments have ended.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use gentle shampoo • Avoid brushing hair vigorously • Avoid hair spray, dyes and perms
<p>A decrease in the white blood will occur about 1 week following the beginning of the treatments. You may be at higher risk to contact infections.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wash your hands often. • During this period, avoid coming into contact with people who have contagious diseases. • Quickly contact a member of your healthcare team if you notice any signs of infection (fever, chills, cough, sore throat, pain while urinating...). • Consult your doctor or go immediately to the Emergency Room if you have a fever 38,3 °C (101 °F) once or 38 °C (100.4 °F) twice an hour apart. • In case of fever, do not take acetaminophen (ex.: Tylenol[®], Atasol[®]) and anti-inflammatory medication (ex.: Motrin[®], Advil[®])
<p>A decrease in platelets will occur about 1 week following the beginning of the treatments. You may bleed more easily than you normally do.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a tooth brush with soft bristles • Check with your pharmacist before taking medications with Aspirin[®], Ibuprofen or other anti-inflammatory drugs. • Consult us if you bruise more easily than you normally do or if you have a tendency to bleed easily from the nose or the gums

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SIDE EFFECTS	MANAGEMENT
You may experience a decrease of red blood cells following your treatment. This phenomenon is called anemia and is characterised by signs of fatigue, pale color, dizziness and shortness of breath.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Keep active but respect signs of fatigue your body gives you; rest when you feel the need to.• If you notice one or any of these effects, contact us.
Flu-like symptoms may occur shortly after your treatment. You may experience mild to moderate symptoms consisting mainly of fever but also chills, headache, muscle or bone pain. These symptoms last only a few hours.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• If these symptoms bother you, your doctor or pharmacist may recommend a pain killer such as acetaminophen (Tylenol[®], Atasol[®]).• If you experience fever and chills more than 48 hours after your treatment, you may have an infection. Notify your doctor immediately or go to the Emergency Room.
Gradual fluid retention may occur with consecutive treatments and may present itself by swelling of the feet and hands, shortness of breathe or rapid weight gain.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Raise your feet while sitting down.• Avoid wearing tight clothes or shoes.• Notify your physician if you experience rapid weight gain, shortness of breath or if you feel swollen
Rash may appear following your treatment. It is usually mild and can appear on arms, legs, back and chest with or without itching.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Notify your pharmacist or your doctor if these symptoms occur and affect your daily activities. Some measures can be recommended.

Pharmacist: _____

Phone: _____

From ____ h to ____ h (Monday to Friday)